	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/673,785	NELSON ET AL.	:
Notice of Allowability	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Chih-Min Kam	1653	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address All daims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS (OR REMAINS) CLOSED in this application. If not included herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) or other appropriate communication will be mailed in due course. THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS. This application is subject to withdrawal from issue at the initiative of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313 and MPEP 1308.			
1. This communication is responsive to 4/18/05.			
2. The allowed claim(s) is/are 1-10,12,14-16,18-20 and 22-27.			
3. The drawings filed on 22 July 2002 are accepted by the Examiner.			
4.			
Attachment(s)  1. ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2. ☐ Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3. ☐ Information Disclosure Statements (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No./Mail Date  4. ☐ Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit of Biological Material	6. ☑ Interview Summary Paper No./Mail Date B), 7. ☑ Examiner's Amendm	e <u>20050622</u> .	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-37 (Rev. 1-04)

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An Examiner's Amendment to the record appears below. Should the changes and/or additions be unacceptable to applicant, an amendment may be filed as provided by 37 CFR 1.312. To ensure consideration of such an amendment, it MUST be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee.

Authorization for this examiner's amendment was given in a telephone interview with Daniel Monaco on June 23, 2005.

## Examiner's Amendments to the specification:

Please insert the following paragraph after the title at page 1:

This application is a 371 of international application PCT/GB99/01211, filed April 21, 1999, which claims the foreign priority of United Kingdom Application No. 9808407.2, filed April 21, 1998.

## **Examiner's Amendments to the Claims:**

Cancel claims 13 and 17.

Claims 1, 4-7, 10, 12, 14, 15, 19, 20 and 24-26 have been amended as follows:

- 1. (Currently amended) A synthetic peptide factor comprising the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:2 wherein:
- a) said sequence is modified such that at least one or both of i) SEQ ID NO:2 tyrosine amino acid residue 5 and ii) SEQ ID NO:2 arginine amino acid residue 9 are substituted, wherein said tyrosine amino acid residue 5 is substituted with a tyrosine analogue, or and said arginine amino acid residue 9 is substituted with an arginine analogue, respectively, and
  - b) the synthetic peptide factor is capable of binding binds to laminin receptors.
- 4. (Currently amended) The synthetic peptide factor of claim 1, wherein the SEQ ID NO:2 arginine residue 9 is substituted by Citrulline citrulline.

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5. (Currently amended) A method of antagonizing a laminin receptor in a patient, the method comprising the steps step of[[:]]

- a) administering to the patient a medicament comprising a synthetic peptide factor comprising the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:2 in an amount effective to bind the laminin receptor as an antagonist, wherein said sequence is modified such that at least one or both of i)

  SEQ ID NO:2 tyrosine amino acid residue 5 and ii) SEQ ID NO:2 arginine amino acid residue 9 are is substituted with a tyrosine analogue or an arginine analogue, respectively, and
  b) binding the synthetic peptide factor to the laminin receptor.
- 6. (Currently amended) A method of agonizing a laminin receptor in a patient, the method comprising the steps step of[[:]]
- a) administering to the patient a medicament comprising a synthetic peptide factor comprising the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:2 in an amount effective to bind the laminin receptor as an agonist, wherein said sequence is modified such that at least one or both of i)

  SEQ ID NO:2 tyrosine amino acid residue 5 and ii) SEQ ID NO:2 arginine amino acid residue 9 are is substituted with a tyrosine analogue or arginine analogue, respectively, and
  b) binding the synthetic peptide factor to the laminin receptor.
- 7. (Currently amended) The method of claim 6 wherein said medicament is for treating endothelial cell wounding promoting wound healing.
- 10. (Currently amended) The synthetic peptide factor of claim 2, wherein the SEQ ID NO:2 arginine residue 9 is substituted by Citrulline citrulline.
- 12. (Currently amended) The method of claim 5, wherein said synthetic peptide has having an N-terminal amino acid residue and a C-terminal amino acid residue is further

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modified, wherein the N-terminal amino acid residue is chemically modified by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety, the C-terminal amino acid residue is chemically modified by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety, or a cysteine residue thiol group is chemically modified by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety to the cysteine residue thiol group.

- 14. (Currently amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the SEQ ID NO:2 arginine residue 9 is substituted by Citrulline citrulline.
- 15. (Currently amended) The method of claim 6, wherein said synthetic peptide has having an N-terminal amino acid residue and a C-terminal amino acid residue is further modified, wherein the N-terminal amino acid residue is chemically modified by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety, the C-terminal amino acid residue is chemically modified by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety, or a cysteine residue thiol group is chemically modified by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety to the cysteine residue thiol group.
- 19. (Currently amended) A synthetic peptide factor comprising an N-terminal amino acid residue and a C-terminal amino acid residue, and the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:2, said peptide factor having an N-terminal amino acid residue and a C-terminal amino acid residue, wherein
- a) said sequence is modified by at least one first modification and optionally by at least one second modification; and
- b) the synthetic peptide factor is capable of binding binds to laminin receptors,
  wherein said first modification is selected from the group consisting of: substitution of
  SEQ ID NO:2 tyrosine amino acid residue 5 with a tyrosine analogue and substitution of SEQ ID
  NO: 2 arginine amino acid residue 9 with an arginine analogue; and

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wherein said second modification is selected from the group consisting of: chemical modification of the N-terminal amino acid residue by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety; chemical modification of the C-terminal amino acid residue by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety; chemical modification of a cysteine residue thiol group by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety to the cysteine residue thiol group; replacement of a peptide bond with a protease-resistant peptide bond isostere; replacement of a glycine residue with an  $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -dialkyl substituted amino acid; and stabilisation of a helical turn of the peptide using suitable intra chain linkers.

- 20. (Currently amended) A synthetic peptide factor comprising the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:2, and said peptide factor having an N-terminal amino acid residue and a C-terminal amino acid residue, wherein
- a) said sequence is modified by at least one a first modification and by at least one second modification; and
- b) the synthetic peptide factor is capable of binding binds to laminin receptors,
  wherein said first modification is selected from the group consisting of: substitution of
  SEQ ID NO:2 tyrosine amino acid residue 5 with a tyrosine analogue and substitution of SEQ ID
  NO: 2 arginine amino acid residue 9 with an arginine analogue; and

wherein said second modification is selected from the group consisting of: chemical modification of the N-terminal amino acid residue by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety; chemical modification of the C-terminal amino acid residue by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety; chemical modification of a cysteine residue thiol group by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety to the cysteine residue thiol group; replacement of a peptide bond

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with a protease-resistant peptide bond isostere; replacement of a glycine residue with an  $\alpha,\alpha$ -dialkyl substituted amino acid; and stabilisation of a helical turn of the peptide using suitable intra chain linkers.

24. (Currently amended) A method of antagonizing a laminin receptor in a patient, the method comprising the steps step of[[:]]

a) administering to the patient a medicament comprising a synthetic peptide factor in an amount effective to bind the laminin receptor as an antagonist, wherein said peptide factor comprises comprises comprising the amino acid sequence SEO ID NO:2, and said peptide factor having an N-terminal amino acid residue and a C-terminal amino acid residue;

wherein said sequence is modified by at least one a first modification and optionally by at least one second modification;

wherein said first modification is selected from the group consisting of: substitution of SEQ ID NO:2 tyrosine amino acid residue 5 with a tyrosine analogue and substitution of arginine amino acid residue 9 with an arginine analogue; and

wherein said second modification is selected from the group consisting of: chemical modification of the N-terminal amino acid residue by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety; chemical modification of the C-terminal amino acid residue by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety; chemical modification of a cysteine residue thiol group by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety to the cysteine residue thiol group; replacement of a peptide bond with a protease-resistant peptide bond isostere; replacement of a glycine residue with an  $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -dialkyl substituted amino acid; and stabilization of a helical turn of the peptide using suitable intra chain linkers; and

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b) binding the synthetic peptide factor to the laminin receptor.

25. (Currently amended) A method of agonizing a laminin receptor in a patient, the method comprising the steps step of[[:]]

a) administering to the patient a medicament comprising a synthetic peptide factor in an amount effective to bind the laminin receptor as an agonist, wherein said peptide factor comprises comprising the amino acid sequence SEO ID NO:2, and said peptide factor having an N-terminal amino acid residue and a C-terminal amino acid residue;

wherein said sequence is modified by at least one a first modification and optionally by at least one second modification;

wherein said first modification is selected from the group consisting of: substitution of SEQ ID NO:2 tyrosine amino acid residue 5 with a tyrosine analogue and substitution of arginine amino acid residue 9 with an arginine analogue; and

wherein said second modification is selected from the group consisting of: chemical modification of the N-terminal amino acid residue by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety; chemical modification of the C-terminal amino acid residue by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety; chemical modification of a cysteine residue thiol group by the addition of an amino acid capping moiety to the cysteine residue thiol group; replacement of a peptide bond with a protease-resistant peptide bond isostere; replacement of a glycine residue with an  $\alpha,\alpha$ -dialkyl substituted amino acid; and stabilisation of a helical turn of the peptide using suitable intra chain linkers; and

b) binding the synthetic peptide factor to the laminin receptor.

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26. (Currently amended) The method of claim 25 wherein said medicament is for treating endothelial cell wounding promoting wound healing.

The following is an Examiner's Statement of Reasons for Allowance: The following reference appears to be related to the claimed invention. Nelson et al. (J. Biol. Chem. 271, 26179-26186 (1996)) teach a laminin-antagonist peptide with amino acid residues 33-42 of mEGF interacts with a 67 kDa laminin receptor of breast cancer and endothelial cell. However, the reference does not teach or suggest a synthetic peptide factor comprising the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:2 (CVIGYSGDRC), wherein the sequence is modified and has at least one of SEQ ID NO:2 tyrosine amino acid residue 5 being substituted with a tyrosine analogue and SEQ ID NO:2 arginine amino acid residue 9 being substituted with an arginine analogue. Therefore, the claims are allowable over the art of record.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chih-Min Kam whose telephone number is (571) 272-0948. The examiner can normally be reached on 8.00-4:30, Mon-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jon Weber can be reached at 571-272-0925. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Chih-Min Kam, Ph. D.

Cosk

Patent Examiner

JON WEBER
CERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

CMK

June 23, 2005